Spanish Curriculum Overview

Spanish | KS4

Curriculum Overview





Using the United MFL Curriculum



To get the most value from the United MFL Curriculum, we recommend adhering to the sequencing and teaching the 'what', but adapting the 'how' and the lesson delivery to meet the needs of your pupils



Within the Subject

The United MFL Curriculum has been very carefully sequenced to ensure coverage and appropriate progression through substantive and disciplinary knowledge.

Vocabulary, grammatical knowledge, SSC and exams skills have been chosen to meet the requirements of the new specifications, but some can be changed by teachers.

Implement the longer-term subject plan; avoid swapping units or 'pick and mixing' with other schemes.

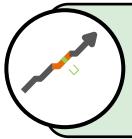


Within the Unit

Each unit clearly sets out the vocabulary, grammar, SSC and exam skills that should be taught and reviewed in the sequence of lessons.

Each unit is planned to cover at least 12-15 lessons of 50 minutes each; this allows time before and after the unit for you to complete the end of unit tests, fill gaps or address misconceptions as required.

Teach the core content in order suggested in the lesson sequence, filling gaps and addressing misconceptions as required.



Within the Lesson

Lesson slides and worksheets follow the principles of the Great Teaching Toolkit and exercises are designed to resemble GCSE exam style questions; content is broken down into small steps to allow for modelling, guided practice and independent practice. Lesson slides provide **just one way** to teach the required knowledge. You should adapt these slides as much or as little as is required to meet the needs of your class.

Adapt the lesson slides as much as is required to meet the needs of your class.



Mis Pasatiempos

Spanish | Year 10 | Term 1









	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	¿Qué haces en tu tiempo libre? Describing what you do in your free time ¿Qué deporte practicas? Expressing what sports you do Interleaving: equality ¿Qué estás haciendo? Describing what you are doing now	Free time activities Sports Jugar Practicar Hacer Estar Ir Opinion verbs Adverbs of frequency	Present indicative: 1st, 2nd and 3rd persons singular and plural of regular -ar, -er, -ir verbs Irregular verbs: hacer and jugar Present continuous: present tense of estar + present participle, as equivalent to English "be + -ing" e.g. estoy jugando. Time phrases Adverbs of frequency Articles: agreement of definite articles with nouns for gender and number (el, la, los, las). E.g. el tenis, la pelota Preposition-a + article (and contraction of definite article al). E.g. juego al tenis, voy a la piscina	Vowels /a, e, i, o, u/ as single units in a syllable Silent /h/: hacer	Narrating in the present tense Expressing and understanding opinions Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Speaking and writing skills: describing a picture stimulus Listening and reading skills: multiple choice answers Writing skills: translations from English to Spanish
Week Two	No tengo ganas de salir Expressing what free time activities you do not do Interleaving: places in town ¿Quieres salir esta tarde? Arranging to go out Interleaving: places in town ¿Qué vas a hacer con tu tableta nueva? Expressing what you are going to use your new tablet for	Time expression Hobbies Places in town Interrogative words technology Numbers to express percentage % Negation words: no, nunca, nada, nadie, ninguno. HT: ya no, tampoco, ni, nini (for emphasis)	Negation: word order of verbal negation, with: no, nada, nunca nadie, ninguno. HT negation: ya no, tampoco, ni, ni ni (for emphasis) Interrogative words (dónde, cómo, qué, cuál, cuánto, quién and their inflected forms for gender and number) Fixed phrase: me/te/le gustaría + infinitive (exposure) Modal verbs: querer, poder, tener que + infinitive (1st, 2nd person singular) Periphrastic future: ir a + infinitive, 1st, 2nd and 3rd persons singular and plural, e.g. voy a descargar música	Vowel focus /o/: no, tampoco, ninguno Intonation as the variation of pitch in the speech: rising and falling intonations in questions and answers	Recall and use language in different situations Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish Being able to ask questions accurately in Spanish	Speaking and listening skills: develop and understand questions and discussions; role play transactions Writing skills: translations from English to Spanish and Spanish to English Reading and listening skills: short responses to recognise the difference between present and future events





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Three	Un fin de semana desastroso Talking about something that went wrong Interleaving: places in town and travel ¡En vivo y en directo! Talking about your music preferences and discussing going to concerts Zona cultura: músicas del mundo La caja tonta está pasada de moda Talking about TV shows, series and movies Discuss the preference for watching TV, laptop or mobile	Use of time sequence connectives TV shows Types of movies Types of music	Preterite tense of regular verbs (ar, er, ir) in 1st, 2nd, 3rd personal forms; and irregular verb ir and ser Direct object pronouns (lo,la,los,las): la veo, lo ponen Present tense of irregular verbs: ser, poner and tener	/ui, ue/: fui, fue /u/ at different word positions: música, auriculares, menú /v/ televisión and /b/ aburrido	Apply the SSC principles in listening Narrate with reference to past events Write short texts in response to simple and familiar stimuli	Listening skill – identifying positive and negative experiences Independent writing practice to be pair marked: FT Q2 (40- 50 words), HT Q1(2 bullet points of 80- 90 words)
Week Four	Las redes sociales: ¿buenas o malas? Discussing the pros and cons of social media Interleaving: mental wellbeing Mi vida la decido yo Discussing what young people in different countries like doing Mi modelo a seguir Talking about your role model Interleaving: equality (women in sports) Zona cultura: la selección española de fútbol, campeonas del mundo	Lo bueno, lo mejor, lo malo, lo peor Social Media Free time activities Technology Opinion verbs	Using verbs with prepositions Giving extended reasons HT: Adjectives with the neuter article lo used as nouns, e.g. lo bueno, lo mejor, lo peor Opinion verbs and Interesar –type verbs: object -verb-subject word order, HT: emphatic use of pronouns after "a", e.g.: a mí HT: verb soler+ infinitive in present tense Irregular preterite tense: ir, hacer, ser, tener, poder, traer, estar HT: Relative clauses using pronouns cuando, donde, que HT: Relative pronouns lo que (invariable), quien(es), el que, el cual (and their inflected forms) in subject relative clauses	/que, qui/: que, quien	Express ideas and opinions appropriately for different purposes and situations Identify and respond to key points, details Include complex forms to describe and narrate	Writing skills: how to justify your opinions convincingly (justifying and giving examples) Writing skills: feedback on writing task from week 3 Reading and listening skills: multiple response questions and short open responses





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Five	Speaking exam: what is it like? Introduction to the speaking exam Reading and listening skills focus lesson Revision lesson to consolidate vocabulary and grammar End of unit assessment: writing	Vocabulary of the 4 subtopics used in other subject themes (e.g. physical well-being, life at school, a weekend in my neighbourhood)	Revisit: Opinions, likes and dislikes Present tense Preterite tense, including the irregular verbs seen (ir, ser, tener, poder, hacer, estar, traer, hacer) Fixed phrases: me/te/le gustaría + infinitive Periphrastic (Immediate or near) future ir a + infinitive, as equivalent of "will" + verb and "be going to" + verb Direct Object: lo, la, los, las HT: relative clauses using pronouns and relative pronouns	Consolidation of previous SSCs	Demonstrate an understanding of SSC Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Understanding each section of the speaking exam: Reading aloud Transactional role play Photo description General conversation Reading and listening skills: multiple choice and gap fill exercises to consolidate vocabulary and grammar of the unit End of unit assessment: writing FT writing paper: Q.1 photo description, Q.2 40-50 words, Q.4 translation HT writing paper: Q.1 80-90 words, Q.4. translation
Week Six	End of unit assessments: reading and listening Selection of reading and listening GCSE type exercises Translation skills lesson FT/HT Expand vocabulary and grammar learnt in other thematic contexts Feedback lesson (writing, reading and listening)	Free time activities Technology Music Social Media Time expressions Going out	Grammar in term 1 assessed	Assessment on the SSCs of the unit	Apply the SSC principles in a dictation	End of unit assessments: reading and listening Reading skills: translating from Spanish to English Writing skills: translating from English to Spanish Completing section 1 of the general conversation booklet Listening, reading and writing feedback: addressing whole class misconceptions and common errors. Improving students' responses



Mi gente

Spanish | Year 10 | Term 2









	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	Así soy yo Describing yourself Zona cultura: multicultural Spain La familia moderna Describing contemporary families Mis amigos, la familia que uno elige. Discussing how important friends are for you Interleaving with equality	Friendships Relationships Adjectives to describe personality Personal description Physical description Family Possessive adjectives and pronouns	Verbs ser and tener: full paradigm in the present tense Rule of adjectives: agreement in gender and number, and position Possessive adjectives and pronouns (FT: mi, tu, su, etc HT: el mío, el tuyo) Reciprocal verbs (or reflexive verbs): relacionarse, llevarse bien, mal, comunicarse, entenderse (1st, 2nd and 3rd persons singular only (me, te, se) HT: plural forms of reciprocal verbs (nos, os, se) Suffix- ito, -ita when the English meaning Is "little" or implies endearment. E.g. hermanito Present tense verbs: irregular forms in 1st person -go: venir, tener, decir, poner, oir, valer. HT: present tense with "desde hace", as equivalent of "have been + ing for X time". E.g. conozco a Luis desde hace cinco años Regular comparative adjectival structures, e.g. más que, menos que). HT regular superlative adjectival structures (la más de)	/t/ - special attention to initial t-: tengo /z/: cabeza Reference to the /s/ version from Latin American and south Spain Consolidate sound /z/: cabeza vs sound /s/: acusar	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Apply the SSC principles orally Understand and respond to a written stimulus	Writing skills: FT picture description Speaking skills: describe a picture stimulus Reading and listening skills: multiple choice type of questions Speaking skills: read aloud a short text and undertake a short unprepared interaction related to the text





		Topic		Knowledge			
			Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
		S.O.S Amigos Talking about problems with relationships	Reciprocal verbs Free time activities Time phrases or adverbs	Preterite tense of irregular verbs: querer, venir, decir Conditional tense (FT 1st, 2nd, 3rd person singular; HT: all forms)	/II/ : Ilave /ch/: escuchar Sound pair /br/: hombre	Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures	Writing skills: work on how to make your descriptions more interesting and grammatically accurate
Week Two	0w0	La brecha generacional Discussing the generation gap	Family and relationships	Imperfect tense of ser, tener, haber, ir,ver (FT: singular forms only; HT: singular and plural forms)		Include complex forms to describe and narrate in the past	Independent writing practice to be pair marked: FT Q3 (2 bullet points of 80-90
	Week -	Mis ancestros Talking about your family lineage or relatives		Imperfect tense of other verbs (FT: singular forms only; HT: singular and plural forms)		Practise predicting content, reading and listening for gist	questions). HT Q2 (1 bullet point of 130-150 questions) Reading and listening skills: how to infer the meaning of less common or infrequent
		Zona cultura : Spanish emigration during the Spanish civil war		Revisit: Reciprocal verbs in the preterite tense			seen and nouns
	Week Three	El día de los muertos Describing what you do on the day of the death in Mexico Zona cultura: El día de los muertos. Interleaving my personal world Mi último cumpleaños Describing what you did in your birthday. Zona cultura: celebrating your 15th birthday in Latin America "la quinceañera"	Celebration Family and relationships Key vocabulary to describe a picture in detail	Present continuous: all forms and stems, including spelling changes: e.g. leer- leyendo; pedir- pidiendo, and for verbs in the pedir cluster e.g pedir: pidiendo Imperfect continuous singular persons only: estar + present participle, as equivalent of English "be + ing", e.g. estaba comiendo HT: preterite tense- verbs with change of spelling to preserve pronunciation (significar, utilizar, jugar, leer, creer, etc)	Diphthongs /ue/ vs /eu/: cuento, Europa /ñ/: cumpleaños	Identifying relevant information in texts, avoid distractors Using fillers at the beginning of your utterance when speaking (bueno, pues, para mí)	Reading skills: short phrase responses; fill in gaps Writing skills: translations from Spanish to English Speaking skills: recall and use language to describe a picture stimulus
		Buscando en el baúl de los recuerdos Memory lane through pictures		Revisit: Possessive pronouns			





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Folir	Mi horóscopo: leyendo las cartas de tarot Talking about personal future plans Corazones conectados a la red Interleaving technology, equality, family and relationships Mejoramos nuestra escritura Feedback on writing task from week 2	Family and relationships Future plans and opportunities Reflexive pronouns Technology	Revisit: Periphrastic future (ir a + infinitive) and other ways of expressing future (e.g. tengo la intención de, quiero, me gustaría) Preterite and imperfect tenses used to narrate in the past	/ge, gi/: gente, página	Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish Recognise and understand synonyms Include complex forms to describe and narrate	Writing skills: translation from English to Spanish. Special attention to the translation of possessive apostrophe ('s) into the preposition "de" Reading skills: identifying similar content and themes Listening skills: dictation Improving previous writing task Independent writing practice: FT Q3 (80-90 words) and HT Q2 (130-150 words)
Week Five	Nuestro popurrí de gramática Lesson to consolidate the vocabulary and grammar of Autumn 1 and 2 Mid Year writing assessment Mid Year reading and listening assessment	Family and relationships Celebrations Technology Free time activities Physical wellbeing Social Media TV and music	Revisit: Possessive pronouns Adjective agreements Reflexive pronouns Present continuous Preterite tense Imperfect tense	Apply the SSC principles	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures accurately Mid Year assessments: reading, listening and writing





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week six	Mid Year speaking assessment Mid Year assessment feedback (listening, reading and writing) Una nochevieja para elegir Learning about ways to celebrate New Year Zona cultura: New Years Eve in Spain, Argentina and Colombia	Vocabulary of unit 1 and 2 Celebration My personal world	A range of grammar from Unit 1 and 2	Pair sound /ea/ and /au/: pelear, aunque	Practise predicting content and reading for gist Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions	Mid Year speaking assessment (student pair practice and student assessed) Read aloud Photo description General conversation questions from Autumn 1 and 2 Listening, reading and writing feedback: addressing whole class misconceptions and common errors. Improving students' responses Speaking skill: expressing preferences



Me cuido

Spanish | Year 10 | Term 3







Spring 1 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	La lista de la compra Learning about food items and buying in a market Zona cultura: Spanish food markets La revolución de la cocina Learning about types of meals in the modern world Zona cultura: cocina mejicana y peruana ¿Somos lo que comemos? Talking about healthy and unhealthy eating habits	Food Meal times Adverbs (-mente) Expression with tener + noun Ya no Soler Cuanto/a/os/as Desde hace	Radical changing verbs (e-ie) in present tense verbs. e.g. querer, pensar Relative pronouns: cuanto/a/os/as Revision of numbers and types of measurements Using imperfect tense with present tense HT: Passive voice using se + 3 rd person singular or plural, e.g. se mezcla el azúcar Forming regular adverbs (-ly) ending in -mente Expressions with verb tener+ noun Using ya no Revisit: Imperfect tense to describe past eating habits (HT singular and plural persons, including verb soler in the imperfect: solía) Using negative words (including HT words) HT: present tense + desde hace	/-r-; -r/ (e.g. pera ; comer) /rr-; r-; -r-/ (after n, l or s): puerro, restaurante, sonreír /ga, go, gu/: vegano, tengo,	Recall and use language in different situations Produce sequences of speech Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Include complex forms to describe and narrate	Speaking exam skill: role play shopping for food Reading skills: how to be familiar with the words in the vocab list. Tips to learn vocabulary Writing skills: expanding your sentences by using "as a result, so, for this reason"
Week Two	El cuerpo humano Describing the parts of the body Saying what hurts ¿Qué debo hacer, doctor? Revisit parts of the body and types of illnesses Rutina de campeones Learning what kind of routine young sporty people have	Parts of the body Illness Radical changing verbs At the doctors Daily routine verbs Adverbs of frequency	Radical changing verbs (o-ue) in verbs such as doler, mover, contar in the present tense Use of modal verbs: deber, poder, tener que + infinitive Verb estar + illness (e.g. estoy enfermo, estoy malo) Reflexive verbs in present and imperfect tenses (1st, 2nd and 3rd person singular only)	Silent /h/: humano /v/: levantarse	Transfer meaning accurately into Spanish in translations Use structures with reference to past, present and future events Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures	Writing skills: translations from English to Spanish Reading skills: short answer open responses Reading: multiple choice questions Speaking skills: role play at the doctor's surgery / hospital Writing skills: Independent writing practice. FT Q3, HT Q1 (80-90 words)



Spring 1 – Week by Week



	Topic	Knowledge				
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Three	Dedícate a vivir Talking about addictions among young people Interleaving school Zona cultura: current healthy living campaigns in Spanish schools La cara oscura de la juventud Talking about the problems for young people Los jóvenes son el cambio How young people can make a positive impact in others	Addictions Healthy living Agreement and disagreement expressions	Imperative tense, 2nd person singular to give advice to other people (affirmative only) of regular –ar, -er,-ir verbs and irregulars: ser, ir, tener, venir, hacer, dar, poner and salir HT: Imperative affirmative 2nd person singular and plural HT: Use of present subjunctive after verbs of wishing; to express purpose after para que; and after the conjunction que. E.g deja de fumar para que, es importante que Infinitive verbs used as nouns HT impersonal verbs: Parece, basta, falta, hace falta, vale la pena Revisit: Present, imperfect and future tenses	/ge, gi/: gente, gimansio /gue, gui/: hamburguesa, alguien /ge/ vs /gue/; /gi/ vs /gui/	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish in the read aloud passage Give opinions and justify your thoughts Use more complex forms appropriate to their ability	Speaking skills: tips to read aloud a short passage Listening skills: multiple choice questions Speaking/writing skills: expressing agreement and disagreement in your speech Reading skills: short comprehension questions Writing: improving writing task from week 2 Writing skills: Independent writing practice, full response 80-90 words questions (FT Q3 / HT Q1)
Week Four	En busca de mi mejor versión Learning about mental health and wellbeing among young people Hasta en vacaciones nos cuidamos Creating healthy habits during holidays Interleaving: wellbeing, travel and food End of unit exam: writing	Mental health and wellbeing Friendship Travel and tourism Physical wellbeing Food and drinks	Inflectional future 1st, 2nd and 3rd persons singular only of: regular -ar, -er and -ir verbs (e.g. trabajaré, comerás, vivirá) and irregular tener, hacer, poder, poner. HT 1st, 2 nd , and 3rd forms singular and plural If clauses: Si+present+ future Si + present, + present tense / modal verbs deber, poder, hay que, tener que + infintive	Pair /dr/ and /tr/: podré, tendré	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures	Listening skills: dictation Reading skills: gap fill exercises Writing exam skills: writing a clear and relevant response to a bullet point. End of unit writing assessment: FT writing paper: photo description, Q3 80-90 words and translation HT writing paper: Q2 80-90 words and translation



Spring 1 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
	End of unit exams: reading and listening	Vocabulary from unit 3 "Me cuido" and unit 1 and 2	Grammar from unit 1, 2 and 3	Apply the SSC principles learnt	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the	Speaking skills: Read aloud task and follow up questions: learning how to make notes on the read aloud
ā	Speaking exam skills booster: read aloud task and role play Feedback lesson (writing, reading	Interleaving with previous vocabulary and thematic contexts	previous vocabulary and thematic		relationship between past, present and future events	stimulus to assist pronunciation End of unit exams: selection of reading and listening GCSE type
Week Five	and listening)				Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	exercises Role Play: planning accurate responses for the role play Listening, reading and writing feedback: addressing whole class misconceptions and common errors. Improving students' responses Writing skills: improving writing responses in the general conversation booklet



Construyendo mi futuro

Spanish | Year 10 | Term 4







Spring 2 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			5 01111
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	Bienvenidos a "Pies Descalzos" Describing what a school is like, subjects and facilities Zona cultura: learning about Pies Descalzos school founded by Shakira in Cartagena de Indias, Colombia Con voz y voto: el consejo escolar Talking about school council and its impact on school decisions: uniform and school rules Los problemas del cole Talking about the school problems students have had recently Interleaving mental wellbeing and relationships	School facilities Subjects Clothes School rules School problems Mental wellbeing Friendship	Irregular present tense "I" form verbs: hago / vengo / pongo / tengo / salgo / conozco Impersonal verbs: hay, hay que, se puede, se necesita to express the impersonal "you"/"one" Modal verbs in the imperfect and present tenses. FT: 1st, 2nd, 3rd person singular. HT singular and plural. E.g. debíamos, teníamos que, podían Perfect tense: haber + past participle, as equivalent of English present perfect (e.g. he comido: I have eaten). Including irregular past participles (e.g. roto, visto, hecho) Revisit Adjective agreement HT: adjectives with the neuter article lo used as nouns (e.g. lo bueno, lo malo)	Homophones in Latin America /s/ vs /z/: descalzo vs paso HT SSC: stress pattern in palabras agudas (words with stress on a final syllable ending in a vowel, n, or s) e.g. debía, podían Revisit Silent /h-/ and /-h/: he, ahora	Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Demonstrate an understanding of SSC Express ideas and opinions appropriately for different purposes and situations	Writing skills FT: Describing a picture Speaking exam skills FT/HT: describing a picture Writing skills: Independent writing practice. FT Q3: 2 bullet points. HT Q2: expressing pros and cons about school rules Reading skills: Translation from Spanish to English and from English to Spanish Listening skills- Dictation: transcribe spoken Spanish into written Spanish
Week Two	Reunión con el director Giving solutions to the school problems El viaje de fin de curso Describing a school visit to Pies Descalzos school Zona cultura: learning about Colombian schools	School facilities Travel and tourism Mental wellbeing	Using adjectives before nouns: algún, ningún, primer, tercer, buen, mal Revisit Conditional tense, singular forms (HT singular and plural) Using different tenses in a text (preterite, imperfect and future tenses)	Revisit Stress pattern in palabras agudas in the conditional tense	Produce sequences of speech Narrate with reference to past, present and future events	Speaking skills: how to answer follow up questions effectively Writing skills: understanding which bullet points refers to present, past and future for writing exam FT Q2 and 3 and HT Q1 Feedback on writing task from week 1. Improved responses made in general conversation booklet



Spring 2 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Two	El colegio del futuro Describing what future schools will be like	Future opportunities Technology	Verbs followed by prepositions, e.g. dejar de (+infinitive), empezar a (+infinitive) Revisit Inflectional future tense: 1st, 2nd and 3rd persons (HT plural persons), including irregular verbs: tener, hacer, poder, poner, haber	HT SSC: stress pattern in palabras agudas (words with stress on the final syllable ending in a vowel, n, or s e.g. deberá, tendrá)	Apply the SSC principles in a dictation	Reading skills: recognise similar ideas expressed differently Listening skills: applying the stress pattern rules for <i>palabras</i> <i>agudas</i> in dictations
Week Three	Un abanico de posibilidades: mis planes para el futuro Discussing options for post -16 studies Se necesita camarero: trabajo a tiempo parcial Describing jobs and places at work. Explaining how you can earn some money Los empleos del siglo XXI Discussing new jobs opportunities and the world of entrepreneurs Interleaving technology, social media and equality Zona cultura: learning about the Spanish influencer Plex in Spain and Latin America, and Joseph Vidal a non-binary Venezuelan entrepreneur	Future opportunities Jobs Travel Negative words: no, nunca, nada, nadie, ninguno	HT Periphrastic time expressions: Acabar de + infinitive, to mean "have just done + verb" Seguir + present participle for ongoing actions in present Llevar +time period + present participle for ongoing actions Revisit Periphrastic future ir a + infinitive, inflectional future (HT plural personal forms) and different ways to express the future HT: Present subjunctive (1st, 2nd and 3rd persons singular only) of hacer, ser, ir, venir, tener. Uses: 1) after the conjunction of time cuando; 2) After verbs of wishing, commands and emotions Reflexive verbs to express routines Impersonal verbs in future tense: habrá, se necesitará. HT: parece, basta, falta, hace falta, vale la pena.	Homophones sounds /b/ and /v/ in between vowels: e.g. también vs creativo /-r-/ after n, l or s in a word or more: e.g. sonreir, alrededor, el resultado	Acquire oral reading fluency Practise predicting content, reading and listening for gist Express ideas and opinions appropriately for different purposes and situations Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Writing skills: structuring and planning your answer to the pros and cons bullet point of the writing exam Speaking skills: reading aloud to applying the rule of SSC Writing skills: Independent writing practice: HT Q2 (2 nd bullet point: pros and cons) Listening skills: identify and respond to key points, details and opinions in short answer open response questions Reading skills: how to use clues, cognates, context and common sense in complex texts Writing skill: translations skills



Spring 2 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
2 - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -	Nuestro popurrí de gramática Consolidate the vocabulary and grammar of unit 4 Mejoramos nuestra escritura Feedback lesson on previous writing tasks End of unit assessment: writing	School Future opportunities Jobs	Revisit Perfect tense (including irregular past participles) Periphrastic future ir a + infinitive, inflectional future and different ways to express the future Consolidate the difference between present, past and future events through verbs and time expressions	Homophones: /s/ vs /z/ in Latin America /v/ vs /b/ Revisit SSC: stress patterns in palabras agudas Homophones: /s/ vs /z/ in Latin America /v/ vs /b/	Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Transfer meaning accurately into English in translations Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures	Reading skills: fill in gaps exercises Translations from Spanish to English Listening skills: multiple response questions Writing skills: understanding AO3 Linguistic knowledge and accuracy in FT Q3: 80-90 words and HT Q2: 130-150 words End of unit assessment: writing FT writing paper: photo description, Q3 80-90 words and translation HT writing paper: Q2 130- 150 words and translation words and translation
	End of unit assessment: reading and listening End of unit assessment: speaking Feedback lesson (writing, reading and listening)	Vocabulary from unit 4 "Construyendo mi futuro" Interleaving with previous vocabulary and thematic contexts	Grammar from unit 1, 2, 3 and 4	Apply the SSC principles	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	End of unit exams: selection of reading and listening GCSE type exercises End of unit exam: speaking (pair assessed): read aloud task, stimulus card, follow up conversation of this thematic context Writing skills: improving writing responses in the general conversation booklet



Listos para viajar

Spanish | Year 10 | Term 5









	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	¿Dónde prefieres ir de vacaciones? Learning about different types of holidays Zona cultura: learning about tourist destinations: La Habana (Cuba), Valencia (Spain), Ushuaia (Argentina) ¿Dónde te alojaste? Describing types of holiday accommodations Zona cultura: Hotel de sal in Uyuni, Bolivia Un viaje a las Fallas de Valencia Giving an account of a trip to Fallas in the past Zona cultura: Learning about Las Fallas in Valencia (Spain)	Countries Weather Travel Places in town Celebrations	Impersonal verbs: hace + noun for weather expressions, e.g. hace sol Other impersonal verbs related to weather, e.g. Ilueve, nieva Fixed phrases to express wishes and intentions: me gustaría, desearía, quisiera, tengo la intención de HT: Passive voice ser + past participle + por. E.g. la fiesta es conocida por sus estatuas coloridas HT: Passive voice: se + 3 rd person singuar or plural. E.g. Se queman estatuas Revisit Preterite tense of regular and irregular verbs HT: preterite tense with spelling changes in their stems, e.g. jugué, utilicé, practiqué	CaRoLiNa rule I for doubled-up consonants in Spanish CaRoLiNa rule II doubled-up consonants vs single consonants Revisit silent /h/: Ushuaia, La Habana	Recall and use language in different situations Produce sequences of speech Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Include complex forms to describe and narrate Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Speaking skill: role play at the tourist information office Speaking skill: role play for booking a hotel room at the hotel and a place at the camp site Listening skill: dictation Writing skills: using sequence adverbs to narrate a story Writing skills: translation from English to Spanish
Week Two	Unas vacaciones desastrosas Describing problems in your holidays ¿Qué hiciste en tus vacaciones? Describing your last holidays End of unit assessment: reading and listening		Using the preterite and imperfect tenses in subordinate clauses with conjunctions cuando and mientras Using direct object pronouns (lo, la, los, las) in one and two-verb constructions, e.g. lo olvidé, no voy a olvidarlo Revisit Three times frames Opinion verbs in preterite tense	Learn to avoid frequent anglophone sound- spelling mistake, sound /ph/	Using a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures effectively when narrating events Understand and respond to a picture stimulus	FT Writing skills:: using PAL when describing a picture Speaking skills: Describe a picture stimulus and answer two compulsory questions related to the picture Writing skills: Independent writing practice: FT Q.3 and HT Q1 80-90 words End of unit assessment: selection of reading and listening GCSE type exercises





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Three	Revision lesson: Un día típico What a typical day for a student in Costa Rica and a student in England are like Interleaving physical wellbeing, school, transport, and social media Revision lesson: En mi insti no todo es estudiar Describing school events Interleaving school, physical wellbeing, friendship Revision lesson: Tus compras con un solo click Learning about the pros and cons of shopping online Interleaving shopping, technology and food	School Daily routine Sports Transport Social media Technology Adverbs Friends Shopping Food	Revisit Regular and irregular present tense Using preterite and imperfect tenses to narrate events How to say the time Daily routine verbs Indefinite adjectives "any, other, each, all" Direct object pronouns Noun and adjective agreement rule Impersonal verbs se puede, se debe, hay que, se necesita	Revisit all SSC learnt until now in combination with consonants and / or vowels, e.g /cue/ /tr/ /mb/ etc	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish Express ideas and opinions appropriately for different purposes and situations Write short texts in response to simple and familiar stimuli	Revision lessons in preparation for Year 10 summer mock exams Lessons can be floating according to your school's exam timetable Reading and listening skills: a) How to produce answers that are sufficiently detailed b) How to make use of pronouns to clarify the meaning Writing skill: apply grammatical knowledge of language in context to translate from English to Spanish FT Writing skills Describing a picture using PAL HT Writing skills: how to use linking words effectively to express pros and cons





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Four	During mock week, these lessons are available to teach if your mock timable permits El mundo de las preposiciones (optional) / Mocks Learning about prepositions Interleaving all thematic contexts Las redes sociales: por diversión, para conectar (optional) / Mocks Discussing the use of technology in the past and now Revision lesson: El apartamento de	TV, film and music Family Future opportunities Sports Soler / solía Adverbs of frequency: a diario, a menudo, a veces, de vez en cuando, poca veces, siempre, nunca, tres veces por día Technology Shopping Travel Accommodation	Prepositions: en, hasta, a, desde, sobre, por, de Personal a: e.g.conocí a Juan en la fiesta Difference between por and para Use of pronouns after prepostions (mí, ti, ella, usted, nosotros/as, vosotros/as, ellos/as, ustedes) and irregular forms (conmigo, contigo) Revisit: Soler + infinitive: present and imperfect tenses Adverbs of frequency	Revisit: /ce//ci//za//zo//zu/ Applying sound symbol correspondences in listening and speaking tasks	Produce sequences of speech in dialogues Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Express ideas and opinions appropriately for different purposes and situations	Reading and listening skills: spotting true and false statements and fill in gaps exercises Speaking skills: transactional role play in a specific setting- shopping at the phone store and holiday conversation with an online travel agent Writing skills: expressing your preferences and someone else's using interesar-type verbs (e.g. le interesa, nos gusta)
	Airbnb: como en casa (optional) / Mocks Revise the topic of accommodation and tourist attractions	Opinion verbs	Inflectional future Conditional tense HT: Subjunctive mood in subordinate clauses with verbs of wishing (e.g. quiero un apartamento que tenga piscina)			





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Five	Detrás de la cámara Learning about the life and work of famous Spanish speaking people Zona cultura: Spanish speaking celebrities, e.g Rosalia, Rafael Nadal, etc Interleaving social media, film, opportunities, family and relationships Revision lesson: Los premios Goya Learning about types of films and TV programs Interleaving with family and relationships, mental wellbeing and equality Zona cultura: Spanish film award, examples of Spanish speaking films Revision lesson: Encuentra la diferencia: ¿soy guapo o estoy guapo? Consolidate the use and differences of common verbs in Spanish: estar, ser, tener, haber	TV and films Equality Relationships Adjectives: primer, segundo, tercer, gran Verbs: estar, ser, tener, haber	Revisit Opinion verbs in present and past time frames Difference between ser, estar, haber and tener Adjectives before the noun: primer, segundo, tercer, gran Comparative and superlative structures Indirect object pronouns, e.g.me dio una oportunidad Revisit Perfect tense e.g. he trabajado Possessive pronouns Question words Inflectional future and periphrastic future	Revisit all SSCs learnt until now with special attention to homophones and HT SSC palabras agudas (words with stress on the final syllable ending in a vowel, n, or s)	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish Apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish Express ideas and opinions appropriately	Use structures with reference to past, present and future events Listening skills: undertake a short dictation Writing skills: Independent writing practice (pair assessed): FT Q2 (40-50 words), HT Q1 (80-90 words) Writing skills: translation exercises to address misconceptions



Hablamos

Spanish | Year 10 | Term 6









	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	Floating Mock Exam feedback: listening and reading mock exams Whole class feedback on listening and reading mock exams Floating Mock Exam feedback: writing mock exam Whole class feedback on writing mock exam Floating speaking lesson 1 Read aloud tasks and questions	As per mock exam	Identify common grammar misconceptions from the mock exams, reteach them and reinforce the correct understanding through classroom practice	Addressing common misconceptions of SSCs	Apply the SSC principles orally Acquire oral reading fluency	Listening, reading and writing feedback: addressing whole class misconceptions and common errors. Improving students' responses Floating Speaking lessons in preparation for Year 10 Summer speaking mock exams. Lessons are floating depending on when the oral exam will take place. All floating lessons need to be taught in order Practise reading aloud tasks and questions
Week Two	Floating speaking lesson 2 Role plays in specific settings Floating speaking lesson 3 Picture description Floating speaking lesson 4 Mock exam (read aloud, role play, picture, general conversation)	Vocabulary learnt so far Question words Opinion verbs	Variety of grammatical structures, including some more complex forms, to describe, narrate and explain with reference to past, present and future events	Apply all SSCs learnt so far	Recall and use language in different situations and be able to move between Spanish and English Convey and elicit information by asking and answering questions Use language to describe a visual stimulus, including specific required details	Speaking skills: Role plays in specific settings: restaurant and café, shopping for a new mobile/tablet, shopping for clothes Describing a picture stimulus and answering follow-up questions Full speaking mock exam: pair-assessed





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Three	Floating speaking lesson 5 In class mock exam assessed by peers Floating speaking lesson 6 In class mock exam assessed by peers Dos billetes para Sevilla, por favor Purchasing train and event tickets when abroad	Vocabulary learnt so far Question words Opinion verbs Numbers Days of the week and months Places to visit	Variety of grammatical structures, including some more complex forms, to describe, narrate and explain with reference to past, present and future events Revisit: Question words Telling the time Modal verbs	Apply all SSCs learnt so far /II / Sevilla	Recall and use language in different situations and be able to move between Spanish and English Convey and elicit information by asking and answering questions	Full speaking mock exam: pair-assessed Speaking skills: role play practice at the train station and at the ticket office (theatre, cinema, concert hall)
Week Four	Nos vamos de compras Shopping for clothes and accessories Mi media Naranja Describing what your best half would be like. Interleaving: family, relationships and equality Scouts: ¡Siempre listos! Describing club / group events Interleaving: friendship, mental and physical wellbeing, school	Shopping Clothes Accessories Future opportunities Family Personal and physical descriptions Equality School Free time activities Sports Friendship	Demonstrative adjectives: este, esta, ese, esa and their plural forms HT Demonstrtive adjectives aquel, aquella, aquellos and aquellas Forming plural nouns HT preterite tense with spelling changes, e.g. utilicé, jugué, leyó, creyeron, durmió Revisit: Direct object pronouns in one- and two-verb constructions, e.g. la tiene, la puedo tener vs puedo tenerla Regular conditional tense and irregular verbs: tener, hacer, poder, poner HT irregular conditional tense: saber, querer, venir, decir, salir	/y/ as consonant:yo, leyó vs /y/ as vowel: estoy, y Revisit: /II/ and /que/ /qui/: aquella, aquel HT SSC: stress pattern in palabras agudas in the conditional tense	Apply the SSC principles in a dictation Produce sequences of speech Use structures with reference to past, present and future events	Listening skills: fill in gaps dictation Speaking skills: role play transaction at the train station and at the ticket office (theatre, cinema, concert hall) Writing and speaking: describe a picture stimulus





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	s Exam Skills
Week five	¿Cómo ser el hijo perfecto? Describing how you help at home Mis planes de futuro Describing what your personal and professional plans are Interleaving family, relationships, schools and opportunities Profe, te doy las gracias Decribing what qualities a teacher should have Interleaving future opportunities, relationships and mental wellbeing	Family Chores Future opportunities Travel School Adjectives Mental wellbeing	HT verbs seguir + verb, dejar de + verb, acabar de + verb, llevar + time + verb Revisit: Present and Imperfect tenses HT Present subjunctive of hacer, ser, ir, venir, tener (singular persons only) after verbs for wishing, commands and emotions and the conjunction of time cuando, e.g. cuando vaya a la universidad, mi madre quiere que sea responsable Periphrastic future and inflectional future (HT singular and plural persons) Modal verbs in the present tense (singular and plural persons): deber, tener que, poder, saber, querer + infinitive Indirect object pronouns in one-and two- verb constructions, e.g. me ayudas siempre, quiero darte las gracias HT Regular superlative adjectival structures and irregular forms, e.g. el mejor, los mejores, la más comprensiva de /en	HT SSC: stress pattern in palabras llanas (words with stress on the second last syllable) e.g. líder, difícil, carácter	Understand and respond to a written stimulus Infer meanings of unexpected vocabulary Transfer meaning accurately into English in translations Express ideas and opinions appropriately for different purposes and situations Include complex forms to describe and narrate	Writing skills: independent writing practice: FT Q2 (40-50 words) and HT Q1 (2 bullet points of 80-90 words) Speaking: describing a picture stimulus Listening and reading: infer meanings of two single words per tier that are not part of the specification Writing skill: translation exercises from English to Spanish.



Acción local, impacto global

Spanish | Year 11 | Term 1









	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	¡Bienvenidos! Revision of high frequency words ¡Vaya vacaciones! Describing your last summer holidays Nuestros planes para este curso Revision of high frequency words	General vocabulary from previous unit Family Places in town Sports Tourist attractions School Further opportunities Mental wellbeing	Revisit: Present tense of regular and irregular verbs Definite and indefinite articles (el, la, los, un, una, unos, unas) Opinion verbs and justifications Preterite tense (regular –ar,-er,-ir) and irregular forms of: ir, ser, dar, tener, poder, hacer, estar, poner, querer, decir, traer HT Preterite: Spelling changes z: c (e.g. utilizar: utilicé), g: gu: (e.g. jugar: jugué) Introduce HT Preterite: 3rd person of singular and plural of –ir verbs: o: u (e.g. dormir: durmió, durmieron) Direct and indirect pronouns (HT: DO, IO pronouns: nos, os) Revision of periphrastic future and inflectional future (HT plural personal forms) Introduce: Para + infinitive (e.g. para estudiar) and sin + infinitive (e.g. sin parar) HT: Antes de+ infinitive (e.g. antes de terminar); después de + infinitive (e.g. después de estudiar)	Revisit: /que, qui/ /ge, gi/ /ce, ci/ /se, si/ HT SSC: stress pattern in palabras agudas (words with stress on a final syllable ending in a vowel, n, or s) e.g. me levanté, estudiaré	Understand and respond to a written stimulus Apply the SSC principles in a dictation Make accurate use of a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions	Speaking skills: read aloud task Listening skills: dictation Reading and Listening skills: fill in gaps Speaking skills: describing a picture stimulus Writing: translations from English to Spanish





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Two	Bienvenidos a mi pueblo Introducing where you live: your town/city and places in town Zona cultura: learning about cities and towns in the Spanish speaking world (e.g. Carácas in Venezuela, Cusco in Perú, Santander in Spain) Mi ciudad ahora y antes Describing how your city has changed over time Zona cultura: descriptions of 3 towns/cities in the Spanish speaking world Cosas de barrio Narrating what you do in your neighbourhood	Places in town Tourist attraction Impersonal verbs Indefinite determiners Quantity words	Indefinite determiners: cada, mismo, otro, todo, alguno, ninguno and their inflections. Other quantity words: mucho/as, varios/as, unos/as, unos pocos/as, unos cuantos/unas cuantas, pocos/as, un par de Revisit: Adjective agreement (gender and number) Impersonal verbs: hay, hay que, se puede, se necesita to express the impersonal "you"/ "one" Imperfect tense (HT: singular and plural persons) and perfect tense (ha cambiado) Present tense: regular and irregular verbs HT: Passive voice se + 3 rd person singular and plural, e.g. se vende pan	HT SSC: recognising esdrújulas words I (words with stress on the third-to-last syllable) Revisit: /ce, ci/ in Latin American and Spanish pronunciation /za, zo, zu/ in Latin American and Spanish pronunciation	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Acquire oral reading fluency Demonstrate an understanding of SSC Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures	Reading and Listening skills: - Multiple-choice questions and gap fill questions Reading and listening skills: short responses when dealing with present, past and future time frames in questions Speaking skills: reading aloud Writing skills: Independent writing practice: FT Q.3 and HT Q1 80-90 words
Week Three	Robo en mi casa Describing your house and items in the house Speaking skill: role play transaction - giving directions and reporting a lost item	Items in the house Rooms in the house Possessive pronouns Prepositions of place / location	Prepositions of place/ location Revisit: Possessive adjectives (mi, tu, su, nuestro, vuestro, and their inflections) HT: Possessive pronouns, with agreement for gender and number, for singular and plural pssessors (el mío, el tuyo, el suyo, el nuestro, el vuestro)	Revisit: /h/: hice vs /ge, gi/: gente	Recall and use language in different situations	Speaking skill: role play transaction -giving directions and reporting a lost item





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Three (continued)	Vivir en el campo o en la ciudad Discussing the pros and cons of living in the city and the countryside Oportunidades en el campo: el turismo rural Planning to spend a weekend in the countryside Interleaving tourist attraction, mental wellbeing and natural world	Places in town Natural world Tourist attractions Mental wellbeing Negative words	Revisit: Negative words: no, nada, nunca, nadie, ninguno (HT ni, ni, ya no, tampoco) Regular comparative adjectival structures (e.g. más que, menos que) and irregular forms (mejor, peor) HT: Regular superlative adjectival structures and irregular forms (e.g. el mejor, la peor, los peores) HT: Adjectives with the neuter article lo used as nouns (e.g. lo bueno) Inflectional future (HT plural persons too) of regular verbs and irregular: tener, hacer, poder, poner, (HT: decir, venir, querer, saber)	HT SSC: recognising esdrújulas words II (words with stress on the third-to-last syllable) HT SSC: applying the accent rule for esdrújulas words II (words with stress on the third-to-last syllable)	Include complex forms to describe and narrate Understand and respond to a stimulus Apply the SSC principles in a dictation Infer meanings of unexpected vocabulary	Writing skills: Independent writing practice: FT Q.3 (2 bullet points of 80-90 words) and HT Q2 (1 bullet point 130-150 words question) Speaking skills: using descriptive language when describing a picture stimulus Listening skills: fill in gaps and whole sentences in dictation Reading skills: infer meanings of two single words per tier (1 mark per word) that are not listed in the specification
Week Four	Mejoramos nuestra escritura Feedback lesson on writing tasks from week 2 and week 3	Places in town Tourist attractions	Address misconceptions on common grammar mistakes from the writing tasks		Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge and vocabulary in written responses	Writing skills: improving writing responses in the general conversation booklet





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Four (continued)	Jóvenes en acción Talking about how you can help the community you live in and the work of young volunteers Interleaving natural world, future opportunities, accommodation and equality Zona cultura: Spanish speaking young volunteers (e.g. Juan Carlos García from ONG Techo Bolivia) Por un mundo mejor Talking about environmental problems Zona cultura: draught problem in south Spain, Perito Moreno melting glacier in Argentina, air and noise pollution in Ciudad de Méjico	Natural world Future opportunities	Suffix rule: adding -ísimo /-ísima to adjectives to express "very", e.g. facilísimo Revisit: Imperative tense, 2nd person singular to give advice to other people (affirmative only) of regular –ar, -er,-ir verbs and irregualars: ser, ir, tener, venir, hacer, dar, poner and salir HT: Imperative affirmative 2nd person singular and plural HT: Relative pronouns el que, el cual (and their inflectedforms for gender and number) in subject relative clauses Impersonal verbs: se puede, se necesita, hay que Modal verbs: deber, poder, tener que HT: Impersonal verbs parece, basta, falta, hace falta, vale la pena	Revisit: /cue, cua/ sounds: cuál, cuántos HT SSC: applying the accent rule for esdrújulas words (words with stress on the third-to- last syllable) and <i>llanas</i> (words with stress on the last syllable)	Identify and respond to key points Apply the SSC principles orally Acquire oral reading fluency Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Reading skills: how to tackle challenging reading texts in multiple choice questions Speaking skills: read aloud task Listening skills: dictation-transcribe spoken Spanish into written Spanish Writing task: translations from English to Spanish





	Topic	Knowledge				
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Five	Pon tu granito de arena Talking about how your habits have changed to protect the environment Los problemas globales Talking about global issues for young people: problems and solutions Por un mundo mejor Writing skill boost lesson	Environmental issues Natural world Impersonal verbs	Infinitives used as nouns, equivalent to -ing (gerund) in English. E.g. Dar un nuevo uso al plástico es esencial HT: Relative pronoun lo que (invariable). E.g. Lo que más me preocupa es el calentamiento global Revisit Imperfect tense (HT plural persons) Present tense of regular and irregular verbs Impersonal verbs (and their inflected forms): hay que, se puede, se necesita, se debe to express the impersonal "you" / "one". E.g. Se debe proteger los animals en riesgo de extinción HT: Impersonal verbs basta, falta, hace falta, vale la pena HT: Seguir + present participle for ongoing actions in the present. E.g. seguimos recilando en el cole HT Llevar + time period + present participle for ongoing actions in the present. E.g. llevo un par de años separando la basura en casa	Addressing common misconceptions of SSC /II/ Iluvia and /j/ ventaja	Apply the SSC principles in a dictation Maintaining accuracy in complex language Develop conversation and discussion Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events	Writing skills: using linking words effectively Speaking skills: classroom survey on the topic of natural world and environment (general conversation topic) Reading: multiple choice questions Listening skills: dictation task and short answer open response Writing skills: improving previous writing tasks (themes: accommodation, natural world and environment) HT: maintaining accuracy in complex language





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Six	End of unit writing assessment: writing End of unit assessment: reading and listening End of unit assessment: speaking and feedback lesson (writing, reading and listening)	Vocabulary from unit 7 "" and unit 1 and 2 Interleaving with previous vocabulary and thematic contexts	Grammar from unit 7 and interleaving with the grammar learnt so far	Apply the SSC principles learnt	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	End of unit assessment: writing FT writing paper: photo description, Q3 80-90 words and translation HT writing paper: Q2 130-150 words and translation End of unit assessments: selection of reading and listening GCSE type exercises End of unit assessment speaking (pair assessed): read aloud task and role play Writing skills: improving writing responses in the general conversation booklet



Cuenta atrás I

Spanish | Year 11 | Term 2









	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	Te invito a mi colegio Revisiting school vocabulary Zona cultura: differences between British and Spanish schools ¿Qué harás si sacas buenas notas? Discussing the broad opportunities students have when they get good results Yo lucho por mi trabajo Talking about job opportunities and dreams Interleaving with equality	School Clothes Future opportunities Work Equality	HT: relative clause using whpronouns (cuando donde, que) Si clauses + future time expressions (periphrastic future, inflectional future and future structures: tengo la intención, me gustaría, etc) Revisit: Present tense: 3rd person singular and 1st person plural forms Adverbs created using -mente (English equivalent -ly): completamente, cómodamente Preterite tense: regular -ar,-er,-ir verbs Preterite Irregular verbs: ir, ser, dar, poder, hacer, poner, decir, querer HT: Preterite spelling changes: first person z: c (e.g. utilizar: utilicé); third person: addition of y (e.g. creer: creyeron)	Addressing misconceptions: /- coin/: formación vs /-sión/: decision Revisit: HT SSC: stress pattern in palabras agudas (words with stress on the final syllable ending in a vowel, n, or s e.g. trabajé, conocí)	Using connectives to vary the length of your sentences Use more complex forms appropriate to their ability Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions	Speaking skills: using connectives when describing a stimulus card Writing skills: Independent writing practice: FT Q.3 and HT Q1 80-90 words Reading and listening skills: inferring positive and negative ideas, opinions and justifications





	Topic	Knowledge				5 6171
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Two	Turismo nacional Discussing the pros and cons of spending a holiday in UK Interleaving tourist attraction, accommodation, natural world and environment ¡Perdimos el tren! Narrating what made you late to catch a train Writing skill boost lesson	Tourist attractions Accommodation Natural world Environment	Revisit: Regular comparative adjectival and adverbial structures, regular and irregular forms, e.g. más que, menos que, tancomo, mejor, peor HT: superlative adjectival structures and irregular forms, e.g. el mejor HT: adjectives with the neuter article lo used as nouns, e.g. lo bueno Perfect: haber + past participle (regular and irregular forms), as equivalent of English present perfect, e.g. hemos perdido The time HT Prepositions: antes de + infinitive después de + infinitive	Revisit: Silent /h/: han vs /ge, gi, ja, jo, ju/: agente	Identifying relevant information in the text, avoid distractors Recall and use language in different situations	Writing skills: special attention to comparatives Reading and listening skills: practice predicting content and reading for gist Speaking skills: role play at the train station Writing skills: FT/HT: Recognise and use opportunities to write about the past and future HT: Using set phrases that features the subjunctive Writing independent task: FT Q3 (80-90 words) and HT Q2 (130-150 words)





	Topic Knowledge		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Three	Vivir al límite Revising sports, especially, extreme sports and other peculiar hobbies Interleaving mental wellbeing, health and natural world Aplicaciones para todos los gustos Discussing the wide variety of apps and their functions Interleaving school, shopping, TV and films, music Present tense boost lesson: stem changing verbs	Social media Technology TV, film and music School General vocabulary from all thematic contexts Modal verbs Stem changing verbs Preposition para	Pronouns: agreement and position of subject pronouns (yo, tú, ella, usted, nosotros/as, vosotros/as, ellos/as, ustedes) and invariable pronouns algo and alguien Default omission of subject pronouns apart from contexts where overt use is appropriate (i.e. change of subject and for emphasis) Revisit: Modal verbs: 1st, 2nd and 3rd persons in singular and plural: deber, poder, querer, saber, tener que Two fixed phrases: quisiera, me/te/le gustaría Preposition para + infinitive: in order to HT: Relative pronouns el que, el cual (and their inflected forms for gender and number) in subject relative clause HT: Periphrastic time expressions: acabar de + infinitive; seguir + present participle; llevar + time period + present Present tense: stem changing verbs of: o>ue (encontrar); e>ie (pensar); e>i (pedir)	Recognising the sound of unusual words Revisit: Pair sounds: /ie/: prefiero and /ue/: puedo	Convey key messages accurately Tips to learn vocabulary- word family Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures accurately Apply the SSC principles in a dictation	Speaking: read aloud task Writing: translating from English to Spanish Listening and reading skills: Multiple choice type of questions Writing and speaking skills: gaining accuracy in verbal conjugation Listening skills: dictation to practise spelling of diphthongs





	Topic	Knowledge			GI III	
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Four	¿Cómo podría mejorar la relación con mis hermanos? Discussing family relationships Interleaving: equality, future opportunities, mental wellbeing Listening and reading boost lesson Writing boost lesson GCSE Thematic contexts: places in town, accommodation, environmental issues Applying techniques to the responses of the general conversation booklet	Family Equality Future opportunities Mental wellbeing All GCSE thematic contexts	Revisit: Imperfect continuous (singular persons only): imperfect tense of estar + present participle, as equivalent of English "be+-ing" (e.g. estaba comiendo) Conditional tense of regular and irregular verbs: tener, hacer, poder, poner HT: Conditional tense: plural personal forms and irregulars: saber, querer, venir decir, salir HT: Reciprocal function of reflexive verbs, e.g. os entendéis General grammar from specification	Apply the SSC principles learnt so far	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Practise predicting content and listening for gist Apply the SSC principles in a dictation Narrate with reference to past, present and future events Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	Reading skills: multiple choice questions Listening skills: Open response questions Listening and reading skills: how to tackle multiple response and short answer exam questions Listening skills: dictation-transcribe spoken Spanish into written Spanish Writing skills: FT: picture description FT Q3 / HT Q1 (as part of questions in the general conversation booklet)
Week Five	Reading mock exam Listening mock exam Writing mock exam	All GCSE thematic contexts	Grammar from the specification	Apply the SSC principles	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Apply the SCC principles in the listening mock exam Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish	GCSE mock exams





	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Six	Floating Mock Exam feedback: listening and reading mock exams Whole class feedback on listening and reading mock exams Floating Mock Exam feedback: writing mock exam Whole class feedback on writing mock exam and completing general conversation booklet ¿Qué ves en la foto? Learning about Christmas traditions in Spain and Latin America through creating questions	As per mock exam Celebration Family Question words	Identify common grammar misconceptions from the mock exams, reteach them and reinforce the correct understanding through classroom practice Revisit: Interrogatives expressed through question words (qué, quién, cúando, por qué, cómo, cuál, cuánto, dónde) Question words + verb - subject word order, including where the overt subject is only sometimes required, e.g. ¿qué hace (la chica)? Present continuous: present tense of estar + present participle, as equivalent of the English "be + - ing", e.g. está comiendo	Addressing common misconceptions of SSC Intonation of questions HT SSC: Stress patterns in question words, e.g. cómo, qué, dónde	Being able to create a wide range of questions Produce sequences of speech in dialogues	Listening, reading and writing feedback: addressing whole class misconceptions and common errors. Improving students' responses Show casing best examples of responses in FT/HT exams Speaking skills: create questions to help describe a picture stimulus Completing sections of the general conversation booklet



Cuenta atrás II

Spanish | Year 11 | Term 3

For Teachers







Spring 1 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary	Vocabulary Grammar		Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	¿Podría reservar una mesa, por favor? Booking a table in a restaurant and ordering food Buscando piso Talking about your neighbourhood and finding a place to rent or buy Interleaving tourist attraction, natural world, places in town, accommodation La revolución del recreo de mi insti Discussing ways in which young people can work together to improve the community. Interleaving school, relationship, equality, environment, natural world and future opportunities	Food and drinks Accommodation Places in town Natural world School Relationships Equality Environment Future opportunities	Revisit: Using formal language in speaking: use of 3rd person singular for formal you: usted(es) and possessive pronoun su/ sus Modal verbs- two fixed phrases: Quisiera + infinitive; me / te / le gustaría + infinitive Imperative: affirmative forms, 2nd person singular of regular -ar, -er, -ir verbs and irregulars ser, ir, hacer, salir, tener HT Imperative: affirmative forms 2nd person singular and plural Prepositions Indefinite adjectives: any, another each, all and their inflected forms (algún, otro, cada, todo) Indefinite articles: a, some (un/a, unos/as)	Apply the SSC principles learnt so far Revisit: Addressing misconceptions: /ch/: derecha; /z/: izquierda; /ge, gi/ gira	Recall and use language in different situations Acquire oral reading fluency Practise predicting content and reading for gist Vocabulary learning strategies	Speaking skills: role plays booking a table and ordering in a restaurant and giving directions in town Speaking skill: read aloud task Reading skills: multiple response questions, identifying positive and negative opinions Reading and listening skills: understanding how to only select which is needed in open response questions Writing / Reading skills: translation from Spanish to English and vice versaensuring all the key elements of a sentence are included in the translations
Week Two	Los idiomas te abren puertas Talking about the benefits of speaking another language beyond the classroom Interleaving future opportunities and travel	Languages and nationalities School Future opportunities Travel	Nouns of languages: add the article el before the masculine adjectives to form the noun, e.g. inglés: (el) inglés Nouns of nationality: add the article before inflected forms of nationality adjectives, e.g. el español, los españoles Revisit: HT: Periphrastic time expressions Acabar de + infitnitive; seguir + infinitive; llevar + time period + present	Revisit: /ñ/: español	Use more complex forms appropriate to their ability	Speaking and writing skills: maximising the use of subordinate clauses to add complexity to your sentences and gain thinking time in speaking (e.g pienso que, creo que, supongo que, diría que, se podría afirmar que) when thinking what to say next



Spring 1 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			Exam Skills
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	
Week Two (continued)	La tierra de Nunca Jamás Creating negative sentences ¡Mantén tu ciudad limpia durante el carnaval! Discussing the pros and cons of local celebrations Zona cultura: carnival in Cádiz, Barranquilla and Tenerife Interleaving routines, free time, travel, environment	All thematic contexts Celebrations Free time Environment Travel	Revisit: Word order of verbal negation and double negatives with: no, nada, nunca, nadie, ninguna HT negation: ya no, tampco, ni, ni.ni Imperative, affirmative forms only, 2nd person singular only. HT: 2nd person singular and plural Impersonal verbs: hay que, se puede, se necesita to express the impersonal "you" HT impersonal verbs: parece, basta, falta, hace falta, vale la pena	Revisit: Difference between /n/ vs /ñ/: niño	Acquire oral reading fluency Identify and respond to key points Include complex forms to describe and narrate Narrate with reference to past, present and future events	Writing and reading skills: common misconceptions when translating negative sentences Speaking skills: reading aloud Listening skills: multiple response question Writing independent task: FT Q3 (2 bullet points of 80-90 words) and HT Q2 (1 bullet point of 130-150 words)
Week Three	Writing exam skills boost lesson Writing skills: essay planning Reading and Listening exam skill boost lesson Writing feedback lesson Whole class feedback from previous writing tasks	All thematic contexts	All grammar from the specification	Addressing common misconceptions of SSC	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Practise predicting content and listening for gist, including dealing with false friends Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge accurately	Writing independent task: Planning FT Picture description, Q2 and Q3 and HT Q1 and Q2 Reading and listening skill: GCSE exam style questions to practise: 1. Recognising cognates and near-cognates 2. Identify "false friends" and how they can lead you to errors Writing skills: showcasing best examples of FT/ HT responses Improving writing responses



Spring 1 – Week by Week



	Topic Knowledge					
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
10000	Floating Speaking lessons in preparation for the GCSE speaking exams Lessons are floating depending on when the oral exam will take place All floating lessons need to be taught in order Floating speaking lesson 1 Read aloud and general questions Floating speaking lesson 2 Role plays and general questions Floating speaking lesson 3 Picture description and general questions	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish	Use clear and comprehensible pronunciation when speaking Spanish, demonstrating an understanding of sound symbol correspondences Recall and use language in different situations and be able to move between Spanish and English Use language to describe a visual stimulus, including specific required details	Practise reading aloud tasks and follow up questions Practise role plays in specific settings: doctor's surgery, hospital, leisure centre, café/restaurant, at the shop Practise describing a picture stimulus and answer two compulsory questions related to the picture Prepare general questions for the topics of student's chosen thematic context
! :: : : : : : :	Floating speaking lesson 4 Full in class mock exam without general questions (pair assessed) Floating speaking lesson 5 Full in class mock exam with general questions (pair assessed) Floating speaking lesson 6 Full in class mock exam with general questions (pair assessed)	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish	Use clear and comprehensible pronunciation when speaking Spanish, demonstrating an understanding of sound symbol correspondences Recall and use language in different situations and be able to move between Spanish and English Use language to describe a visual stimulus, including specific required details	In class mock speaking exams: Student conducted and student pair assessed Practise reading aloud tasks and follow up questions Practise role plays in specific settings: doctor's surgery, hospital, leisure centre, cafe/restaurant, at the shop Practise describing a picture stimulus and answer two compulsory questions related to the picture Choose the general conversation questions according to the thematic context chosen for the picture



Cuenta atrás III

Spanish | Year 11 | Term 4

For Teachers







Spring 2 – Week by Week



		Topic		Knowledge				
			Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills	
-	Week One	Un finde en Barcelona Giving an account of a city break in the past Interleaving tourist attraction, transport, accommodation, environment Listening and reading exam skills boost: grammatical clues Writing exam skills boost Learning how to recycle vocabulary for different thematic contexts	All thematic contexts	Revisit: Preterite: singular and plural persons of regular and irregular verbs. HT Preterite: spelling changes to preserve pronunciation A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Revisit: Common misspelt sounds /ce/ and /ci/ difference between Peninsular Spanish and Latin American pronunciations	Apply the SSC principles in a dictation Narrate with reference to past events Recognise the relationship between past, present and future events	Writing skill: FT picture description; FT/HT improving a candidate response to a writing task Listening skills: dictation Listening and Reading skills: Grammatical clues: verbal tenses and time phrases in listening and reading tasks Learning how to recognise the different tenses in comprehension questions Learning how to recycle your vocabulary in different situations Dealing with unexpected questions	
:	Week Two	Dictation boost lesson Transcribe spoken Spanish into written Spanish	All thematic contexts		Revisit CaRoLiNa rule /-tr/ vs /-rt/: cuatro vs cuarto /cua, cue, cui/ vs /qu/: encuesta English sound /th/ in Spanish: aceptar /ie/ vs /ei/: ambiente, veinte /II/ vs /y/: amarilla, leyó HT: Stress patterns	Applying the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish	GCSE dictation style exam questions	



Spring 2 – Week by Week



	Topic	Topic Knowledge				
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week Two (continued)	Un día familiar especial Describing future plans with your family Interleaving relationships; food and drink; physical wellbeing Writing skills feedback lesson Class feedback on previous writing task	Family Food and drink Physical wellbeing School Friends Future opportunities	Revisit: Periphrastic future ir a + infinitive (singular and plural nouns) Inflectional future: regular and irregular verbs: tener, hacer, poder, poner, habrá HT Inflectional future: plural persons and irregular verbs: saber, querer, venir, decir	Revisit: HT SSC: stress patter in palabras agudas (words with stress on a final syllable ending ina vowel, "n" or "s"): tendrá	Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Convey key messages and apply grammar knowledge in translations to Spanish Narrate with reference to the future	Writing skill: FT picture description FT/HT: narrating events in the future and dictation from English to Spanish Reading task: fill in gaps exercise Writing skills: Independent writing practice: FT Q.3 and HT Q1 80-90 words (pair assessed) Thematic context: family, friends, school, future opportunities
Week Three	Así soy yo: exam preparation / mock exams Quick thematic questionnaire Interleaving: free time activities, sports, physical wellbeing, mental wellbeing, family, friendship Los medios y la tecnología: exam preparation / mock exams Retrieval quiz 1 (from previous lesson) Interleaving TV, music, films, technology, social media, school, future opportunities, travel Mi ciudad: exam preparation / mock exams Retrieval quiz 2 (from previous lesson) Interleaving: places in town, transport, tourist attractions, accommodation, environment	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish	Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Apply the SSC principles in a dictation	Each lesson will start with a quick thematic questionnaire and will finish on revision summary questions to be prepared for the next lesson retrieval quiz A wide range of GCSE exam style questions for: writing, listening and reading



Spring 2 – Week by Week



	Topic		Knowledge			
		Vocabulary Grammar Phonics		Skills	Exam Skills	
Week Four	During mock week, these lessons are available to teach if your mock timable permits Actúa: exam preparation (optional) / mock exam Retrieval quiz 3 (from previous lesson) Interleaving shopping, natural world, environmental issues Estilos de vida: exam preparation (optional) / mock exam Retrieval quiz 4 (from previous lesson) Interleaving physical wellbeing, mental wellbeing, food, drinks, sports Estudios y oportunidades: exam preparation (optional) / mock exam Retrieval quiz 5 (from previous lesson) Interleaving school, future opportunities (work and travel)	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish	Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Transfer meaning accurately into English / Spanish in translations Apply the SSC principles in a dictation	Each lesson will start with a quick thematic questionnaire and will finish on revision summary questions to be prepared for the next lesson retrieval quiz A wide range of GCSE exam style questions for: writing, listening and reading
Week Five	Travel and tourism: exam preparation Retrieval quiz 6 (from previous lesson) Interleaving places in tow, travel, accommodation, transport, environment Mock Exam feedback: listening and reading mock exams Whole class feedback on listening and reading mock exam Mock Exam feedback: writing mock exam Whole class feedback on writing mock exam	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Apply the principles by which spelling represents sounds in standard or widely used forms of Spanish	Use a variety of vocabulary and grammatical structures Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Transfer meaning accurately into English / Spanish in translations	Listening, reading and writing feedback: addressing whole class misconceptions and common errors. Improving students' responses Show casing best examples of responses in FT/HT exams



Cuenta atrás IV

Spanish | Year 11 | Term 5

For Teachers







Summer 1 – Week by Week



	Topic	Knowledge				
		Vocabulary	Grammar	Phonics	Skills	Exam Skills
Week One	Walking talking reading GCSE exam Walking talking exam: understand how to approach answering exam questions and support students to interpret the questions Walking talking listening GCSE exam Walking talking exam: understand how to approach answering exam questions and support students to interpret the questions Walking talking writing exam I Retrieval quiz 7 Walking talking exam: understand how to approach answering exam questions and support students to interpret the questions	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)		Identify and respond to key points, details and opinions Transfer meaning accurately into Spanish in translations	Walking talking mock exams: Teacher leads the class through the exam Objective: learn to understand what type of responses are needed in order to be awarded marks Types of tasks: underline key words in instructions; explain how to identify what the question is asking; provide advice on exam technique; highlight common misconceptions and errors that may cause students to lose marks in specific questions, e.g. being too vague in the answers, missing a word in translations
Week Two	Exam skills boost lessons Tailored boost lessons according to school's specific needs. Exam skills boost lessons Tailored boost lessons according to school's specific needs. Exam skills boost lessons Tailored boost lessons Tailored boost lessons according to school's specific needs.	All thematic contexts	A range of vocabulary and grammatical structures according to ability (FT or HT)	Revision of all SSCs	Using a variety of vocabulary and grammatical stru ctures effectively when narrating events Understand and respond to a picture stimulus	

